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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/824,434	YOON ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	ALVIN H. TAN	2173			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 Fe This action is FINAL . 2b)☑ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-37 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-37 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acceedable and any objection to the content of the drawing sheet(s) including the correction.	r election requirement. r. epted or b)⊡ objected to by the B drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		• •			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some color None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate			

Art Unit: 2173

DETAILED ACTION

Remarks

1. This Office action is responsive to the Request for Continued Examination (RCE) filed under 37 CFR §1.53(d) for the instant application on <u>2/29/08</u>. Applicants have properly set forth the RCE, which has been entered into the application, and an examination on the merits follows herewith.

Claims 1-37 have been examined and rejected. This Office action is responsive to the amendment filed on 2/29/08, which has been entered in the above identified application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-3, 5, 6, 22, 35, and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Iverson (U.S. Patent No. 6,957,075 B1) and Zancho (U.S. Patent No. 5,814,798).

Art Unit: 2173

Claims 1-3, 5, 6, 35, 36

3-1. Regarding claim 1, Iverson teaches the claim comprising a user interface (UI) support module operable to store input/output modules as stored input/output modules, by disclosing enabling electronic devices to modify their user interface application set and functionality based on the location of the electronic device [column 1, lines 8-13]. A memory/storage device stores an interface characteristics/application set database, which correlates a number of interface characteristics and application sets with location types/operating environments and/or appliance personalities [column 7, lines 47-54]. An operating system as shown in [figure 8] provides an interface between a user interface manager application and hardware elements of the host electronic appliance [column 11, lines 49-64].

Iverson teaches wherein the stored input/output modules are selected corresponding to conditions of respective users, in an input/output module storing unit, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [column 7, lines 39-47]. Users can define the personalities associated with a particular location ID [column 7, lines 2-5] and can also change and customize the dynamically selected personality by selecting an alternate personality [column 7, lines 9-22]. Appliance personalities represent various user interfaces and functions/applications on an electronic device that are made available to a user [column 3, lines 23-56].

Iverson teaches the UI support module operable to search the input/output module storing unit for a specific input/output module of one of the respective users, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities *[column 7, lines 39-47]*.

Page 4

Iverson teaches the UI support module operable to execute the specific input/output module, and operable to support a UI meeting condition of the one of the respective users, by disclosing that once an appropriate appliance personality is selected, the interface of the appliance is adjusted to reflect the selected personality [figure 2, 208].

Iverson teaches wherein the UI support module comprises an input/output selecting unit, by disclosing that based on a determined location or location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies and selects an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [column 7, lines 39-47]. Although Iverson teaches adjusting appliance personalities to meet the dynamic demands of ever mobile appliance users [column 8, lines 26-32], Iverson does not expressly teach a mapping of each of the respective users with corresponding at least one of the stored input/output modules. Zancho teaches selecting and managing personal attributes of devices based on user preferences [column 1, lines 10-12; column 2, lines 31-37]. A donor device stores and provides preferences to application devices [column 2, lines 37-45]. When obtaining user preferences from a donor device that has preferences for more than one user, information of a user such as a user code is sent to access the

donor device [column 9, lines 49-55; column 10, lines 52-61]. The user code is used to select the appropriate preference for the device [column 10, line 62 to column 11, line 16]. This allows preferences to be conveniently established for users of various devices. Since Iverson teaches the need for adjusting a user interface and perceived functionality based on location or user [Iverson, column 2, lines 11-14], it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a mapping of each of the respective users with corresponding at least one of the appliance personalities, as taught by Zancho. This would allow preferences to be conveniently established for users of various devices.

3-2. Regarding claim 2, Iverson and Zancho teach the claim wherein the UI support module comprises said input/output module storing unit storing and managing the input/output module, by disclosing a memory/storage device stores an interface characteristics/application set database, which correlates a number of interface characteristics and application sets with location types/operating environments and/or appliance personalities [Iverson, column 7, lines 47-54].

Iverson teaches an input/output module selecting unit for searching for the specific input/output module meeting the condition of the one of the respective users in the input/output module storing unit to provide a searched input/output module, by disclosing that based on a determined location or location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies and selects an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [Iverson, column 7, lines 39-47]

Application/Control Number: 10/824,434

Art Unit: 2173

Iverson teaches an input/output module executing unit for executing the searched input/output module searched for by the input/output module selecting unit and an input/output processing unit for processing the UI processed in the searched input/output module executed at the input/output module executing unit to output the UI on a first screen, by disclosing that once an appropriate applicant personality is selected, the interface of the appliance is adjusted to reflect the selected personality [Iverson, figure 2, 208].

Page 6

- 3-3. Regarding claim 3, Iverson and Zancho teach the claim wherein the UI support module further comprises a data processing unit for receiving and processing data necessary for generation and processing of the UI, said data being generated from an appliance that requests the specific input/output module, by disclosing one or more processors in the appliance [Iverson, figure 7].
- 3-4. Regarding claim 5, Iverson and Zancho teach the claim wherein the input/output module storing unit comprises a mapping table comprising storage areas of input/output module IDs and the stored input/output modules, by disclosing [Iverson, figures 3, 4] which shows tables mapping a location with stored interface characteristics.
- 3-5. Regarding claim 6, Iverson and Zancho teach the claim wherein the mapping is a mapping table and the input/output module selecting unit comprises the mapping table comprising condition IDs and input/output module IDs, by disclosing [Iverson, figure 3].

Art Unit: 2173

3-6. Regarding claim 35, Iverson and Zancho teach the claim wherein the input/output selecting unit searches the mapping for the specific input/output module corresponding to one of the users, to provide a searched input/output module, by disclosing providing a user code when multiple user preferences are stored and using the user code along with a determined location or location type of an electronic appliance to select the appropriate preference for the device [Zancho, column 10, line 62 to column 11, line 16; Iverson, column 7, lines 39-47].

3-7. Regarding claim 36, Iverson and Zancho teach the claim wherein the mapping is prestored in the input/output module selecting unit and the input/output selecting unit searches the prestored mapping for the specific input/output module corresponding to the one of the users, to provide a searched input/output module, by disclosing that the donor device, which provides the user preferences, stores information indicative of a user such as a user code [Zancho, column 10, lines 52-61].

Claim 22

3-8. Regarding claim 22, Iverson teaches the claim comprising an input/output module registering operation of receiving input/output modules meeting conditions of respective users as received input/output modules and registering the received input/output modules in an internal input/output module selecting unit of an internal UI support module, by disclosing enabling electronic devices to modify their user interface

application set and functionality based on the location of the electronic device [column 1, lines 8-13]. Users can define the personalities associated with a particular location ID [column 7, lines 2-5] and can also change and customize the dynamically selected personality by selecting an alternate personality [column 7, lines 9-22].

Page 8

Iverson teaches an input/output module providing operation of, if a first specific input/output module of one of the respective users is requested through the internal UI support module, searching for and providing the first specific input/output module as a provided input/output module, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [column 7, lines 39-47].

Iverson teaches a UI support operation for executing the provided input/output module and supporting a UI meeting the condition of the one of the respective users through the provided input/output module, by disclosing that once an appropriate appliance personality is selected, the interface of the appliance is adjusted to reflect the selected personality [figure 2, 208].

Although Iverson teaches adjusting appliance personalities to meet the dynamic demands of ever mobile appliance users [column 8, lines 26-32], Iverson does not expressly teach a mapping of each of the respective users with corresponding at least one of the stored input/output modules. Zancho teaches selecting and managing personal attributes of devices based on user preferences [column 1, lines 10-12; column 2, lines 31-37]. A donor device stores and provides preferences to application devices [column 2, lines 37-45]. When obtaining user preferences from a donor device

Art Unit: 2173

that has preferences for more than one user, information of a user such as a user code is sent to access the donor device [column 9, lines 49-55; column 10, lines 52-61]. The user code is used to select the appropriate preference for the device [column 10, line 62 to column 11, line 16]. This allows preferences to be conveniently established for users of various devices. Since Iverson teaches the need for adjusting a user interface and perceived functionality based on location or user [Iverson, column 2, lines 11-14], it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a mapping of each of the respective users with corresponding at least one of the appliance personalities, as taught by Zancho. This would allow preferences to be conveniently established for users of various devices.

4. Claims 4, 8-16, 18-21, and 23-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Iverson (U.S. Patent No. 6,957,075 B1), Zancho (U.S. Patent No. 5,814,798), and Dong et al (Pub. No. 2002/0105543 A1).

Claim 4

- 4-1. Regarding claim 4, Iverson and Zancho teach the invention with respect to claim
- 2. Iverson and Zancho do not expressly teach wherein the UI support module further comprises a data format determining unit for determining whether the searched input/output module provided by the input/output module selecting unit can process a type of data of the UI support module, through a table where the input/output modules and data formats that can be processed in respective input/output modules of the table

Art Unit: 2173

are mapped. Dong teaches user interface management for controlled devices [paragraph 1]. A user interface loader (UIL) provides a controller with a user interface corresponding to an electronics device to control the operation of the electronics device through a communication medium [paragraph 13]. When selecting an appropriate user interface, the electronic device provides the UIL with a Global Unique Identifier (GUID) and its unit information (UINFO), which provides identification information about the electronic device [paragraphs 19, 30]. The UIL uses the provided identification information when searching a table to determine which types of user interfaces the electronic device can support [paragraphs 20, 31, 33]. This ensures that the user interface will work correctly on the electronic device.

Since Iverson and Zancho teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include determining appropriate appliance personalities based on the types of interfaces the appliance is able to support, as taught by Dong. This would ensure that a selected user interface would work correctly on the electronic device.

Claims 8-12

4-2. Regarding claim 8, Iverson teaches a UI support module operable to receive and store input/output modules, by disclosing enabling electronic devices to modify their user interface application set and functionality based on the location of the electronic

Art Unit: 2173

device [column 1, lines 8-13]. A memory/storage device stores an interface characteristics/application set database, which correlates a number of interface characteristics and application sets with location types/operating environments and/or appliance personalities [column 7, lines 47-54]. An operating system as shown in [figure 8] provides an interface between a user interface manager application and hardware elements of the host electronic appliance [column 11, lines 49-64].

Iverson teaches the UI support module operable to receive and store input/output modules corresponding to conditions of respective users, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [column 7, lines 39-47]. Users can define the personalities associated with a particular location ID [column 7, lines 2-5] and can also change and customize the dynamically selected personality by selecting an alternate personality [column 7, lines 9-22]. Appliance personalities represent various user interfaces and functions/applications on an electronic device that are made available to a user [column 3, lines 23-56].

Iverson teaches the UI support module operable to search for a specific input/output module for a user requested through a household appliance, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [column 7, lines 39-47].

Iverson teaches the UI support module operable to provide a searched input/output module to the household appliance, and operable to support a UI of the

Art Unit: 2173

user in the household appliance, by disclosing that once an appropriate appliance personality is selected, the interface of the appliance is adjusted to reflect the selected personality [figure 2, 208].

Iverson does not expressly teach that the UI support module is externally provided in a web server or a home server and wherein the external UI support module comprises an external input/output module selecting unit. Dong teaches user interface management for controlled devices [paragraph 1]. A user interface loader (UIL) provides a controller with a user interface corresponding to an electronics device to control the operation of the electronics device through a communication medium [paragraph 13]. The UIL may be located outside the controller [paragraph 18] and is configured to search a controller storage medium and a remote network for a user interface corresponding to identification information. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller [paragraph 20]. As shown in [figure 2], the remote network includes the Internet with access to the World Wide Web *[paragraph 24].* This allows the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be loaded. Since Iverson teaches adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include an external user interface module for storing, searching, and providing the appliance personalities from a web server, as taught by Dong. This would allow the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer

Art Unit: 2173

electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be retrieved from a web server and loaded.

Iverson and Dong do not expressly teach a mapping of each of the respective users with corresponding at least one of the stored input/output modules. Zancho teaches selecting and managing personal attributes of devices based on user preferences [column 1, lines 10-12; column 2, lines 31-37]. A donor device stores and provides preferences to application devices [column 2, lines 37-45]. When obtaining user preferences from a donor device that has preferences for more than one user, information of a user such as a user code is sent to access the donor device [column 9, lines 49-55; column 10, lines 52-61]. The user code is used to select the appropriate preference for the device [column 10, line 62 to column 11, line 16]. This allows preferences to be conveniently established for users of various devices. Since Iverson and Dong teach the need for adjusting a user interface and perceived functionality based on location or user [Iverson, column 2, lines 11-14], it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a mapping of each of the respective users with corresponding at least one of the appliance personalities, as taught by Zancho. This would allow preferences to be conveniently established for users of various devices.

4-3. Regarding claim 9, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the claim wherein the external UI support module comprises an external input/output module storing unit for storing the input/output modules that provide relevant UIs depending on the conditions

of the respective user, by disclosing that an interface characteristics database may store information which correlates a number of interface characteristics and application sets with location types/operating environments and/or applicant personalities as shown in [Iverson, figure 8]. Since the appliance personalities are retrieved from a web server, they inherently must be stored on an external storing unit.

Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach an external input/output module selecting unit for searching the external input/output module storing unit for the specific input/output module corresponding to the condition of the one of the respective users requested by the household appliance, and providing a searched input/output module to the household appliance, by disclosing that the UIL may be stored separate from the controller [Dong, paragraph 18] and is configured to search a remote network for a user interface corresponding to identification information. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller [Dong, paragraph 20].

4-4. Regarding claim 10, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho further teach the claim wherein the external UI support module further comprises a data format determining unit for determining whether the searched input/output module provided by the external input/output module selecting unit can process a type of data of the external UI support module, through a table where the input/output modules and data formats that can be processed in respective input/output modules of the table are mapped, by disclosing that when selecting an appropriate user interface, the electronic device provides the UIL with a Global Unique Identifier (GUID) and its unit information (UINFO), which provides

Art Unit: 2173

identification information about the electronic device [Dong, paragraphs 19, 30]. The UIL uses the provided identification information when searching a table to determine which types of user interfaces the electronic device can support [Dong, paragraphs 20, 31, 33]. This ensures that the user interface will work correctly on the electronic device.

Since Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities provided from a web server, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to also include determining appropriate appliance personalities based on the types of interfaces the appliance is able to support, as taught by Dong. This would ensure that a selected user interface would work correctly on the electronic device.

- 4-5. Regarding claim 11, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the claim wherein the mapping is a mapping table and the external input/output module storing unit comprises the mapping table comprising storage areas of input/output module IDs and the stored input/output modules, by disclosing [Iverson, figures 3, 4] which shows tables mapping a location with stored interface characteristics.
- 4-6. Regarding claim 12, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the claim wherein the mapping table is a mapping table and the external input/output module selecting unit comprises the mapping table comprising condition IDs and input/output module IDs, by disclosing [Iverson, figure 3].

Art Unit: 2173

Claim 13-16, 18-21

4-7. Regarding claim 13, Iverson teaches the claim comprising an internal user interface (UI) support module provided in a household appliance, for supporting UIs through input/output modules depending on conditions of respective user, by disclosing enabling electronic devices to modify their user interface application set and functionality based on the location of the electronic device [column 1, lines 8-13; figure 1].

Iverson does not expressly teach an external UI support module provided in a web server or a home server connected to the internal UI support module through a wired/wireless communication network, for managing the input/output modules depending on the conditions of the respective user transmitted through the internal UI support module and providing a specific input/output module requested by the internal UI support module, wherein the external UI support module comprises an external input/output module selecting unit. Dong teaches user interface management for controlled devices [paragraph 1]. A user interface loader (UIL) provides a controller with a user interface corresponding to an electronics device to control the operation of the electronics device through a communication medium [paragraph 13]. The communication medium may be wireless [paragraph 25]. The UIL may be located outside the controller [paragraph 18] and is configured to search a controller storage medium and a remote network for a user interface corresponding to identification information. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user

Art Unit: 2173

interface on the controller [paragraph 20]. As shown in [figure 2], the remote network includes the Internet with access to the World Wide Web [paragraph 24]. This allows the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be loaded. Since Iverson teaches adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include storing additional appliance personalities in an external user interface module that can manage and provide the stored appliance personalities from a web server, as taught by Dong. This would allow the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be retrieved from a web server and loaded.

Iverson and Dong do not expressly teach a mapping of each of the respective users with corresponding at least one of the input/output modules. Zancho teaches selecting and managing personal attributes of devices based on user preferences [column 1, lines 10-12; column 2, lines 31-37]. A donor device stores and provides preferences to application devices [column 2, lines 37-45]. When obtaining user preferences from a donor device that has preferences for more than one user, information of a user such as a user code is sent to access the donor device [column 9, lines 49-55; column 10, lines 52-61]. The user code is used to select the appropriate preference for the device [column 10, line 62 to column 11, line 16]. This allows preferences to be conveniently established for users of various devices. Since Iverson

Art Unit: 2173

and Dong teach the need for adjusting a user interface and perceived functionality based on location or user [Iverson, column 2, lines 11-14], it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a mapping of each of the respective users with corresponding at least one of the appliance personalities, as taught by Zancho. This would allow preferences to be conveniently established for users of various devices.

4-8. Regarding claim 14, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the claim wherein the internal UI support module comprises an input/output module storing unit for storing and managing the input/output modules, by disclosing a memory/storage device stores an interface characteristics/application set database, which correlates a number of interface characteristics and application sets with location types/operating environments and/or applicant personalities [Iverson, column 7, lines 47-54].

Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the internal UI support module comprising an input/output module selecting unit for searching the input/output module storing unit for the specific internal input/output module meeting a condition of the one of the respective users to provide a searched input/output module, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [Iverson, column 7, lines 39-47]. Users can define the personalities associated with a particular location ID [Iverson, column 7, lines 2-5] and can also change and customize the

dynamically selected personality by selecting an alternate personality [Iverson, column 7, lines 9-22].

Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the internal UI support module comprising a data processing unit for receiving and processing data necessary for generation and processing of the UI, said data being generated from the household appliance that requests the input/output module, by disclosing one or more processors in the appliance [Iverson, figure 7].

Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the internal UI support module comprising an input/output processing unit for processing the UI processed in the searched input/output module executed at the input/output module executing unit to output the UI on a first screen, by disclosing that once an appropriate applicant personality is selected, the interface of the appliance is adjusted to reflect the selected personality [Iverson, figure 2, 208; figure 7].

- 4-9. Regarding claim 15, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the claim wherein the input/output module storing unit comprises a mapping table comprising storage areas of input/output module IDs and the input/output module, by disclosing [Iverson, figures 3, 4] which shows tables mapping a location with stored interface characteristics.
- 4-10. Regarding claim 16, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the claim wherein the mapping is a mapping table and the input/output module selecting unit includes the

Art Unit: 2173

mapping table comprising condition IDs and input/output module IDs, by disclosing [Iverson, figure 3].

4-11. Regarding claim 18, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the claim wherein the external UI support module comprises an external input/output module storing unit for storing the input/output modules that provide relevant UIs depending on the conditions of the respective users, by disclosing that an interface characteristics database may store information which correlates a number of interface characteristics and application sets with location types/operating environments and/or applicant personalities as shown in [Iverson, figure 8]. Since the appliance personalities may be retrieved from a web server [Dong, paragraph 20], they inherently must be stored on an external storing unit.

Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the external UI support module comprising an external input/output module selecting unit for searching the external input/output module storing unit for the specific input/output module corresponding to the condition of the one of the respecting users requested by the household appliance and providing a searched input/output module to the household appliance, by disclosing that the UIL is configured to search a remote network for an appropriate user interface. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller [Dong, paragraph 20].

4-12. Regarding claim 19, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho further teach the claim wherein the external UI support module further comprises a data format determining unit for

determining whether the searched input/output module provided by the external input/output module selecting unit can process a type of data of the external UI support module, through a table where the input/output modules and data formats that can be processed in respective input/output modules of the table are mapped, by disclosing that when selecting an appropriate user interface, the electronic device provides the UIL with a Global Unique Identifier (GUID) and its unit information (UINFO), which provides identification information about the electronic device [Dong, paragraphs 19, 30]. The UIL uses the provided identification information when searching a table to determine which types of user interfaces the electronic device can support [Dong, paragraphs 20, 31, 33]. This ensures that the user interface will work correctly on the electronic device.

Since Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities provided from a web server, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to also include determining appropriate appliance personalities based on the types of interfaces the appliance is able to support, as taught by Dong. This would ensure that a selected user interface would work correctly on the electronic device.

4-13. Regarding claim 20, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the claim wherein the external input/output module storing unit comprises a mapping table comprising storage areas of input/output module IDs and input/output modules, by disclosing [Iverson, figures 3, 4] which shows tables mapping a location with stored interface characteristics.

Art Unit: 2173

4-14. Regarding claim 21, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the claim wherein the mapping is a mapping table and the external input/output module selecting unit comprises the mapping table comprising condition IDs and input/output module IDs, by disclosing [Iverson, figure 3].

Claims 23-27

4-15. Regarding claim 23, Iverson and Zancho teach the invention with respect to claim 22. Iverson further teaches the claim wherein the input/output module registering operation comprises selecting a second specific input/output module for generating a UI to be used in the future by the one of the respective users, as a selected input/output module, by disclosing that users can change and customize the dynamically selected personality by selecting an alternate personality [Iverson, column 7, lines 9-22].

Iverson and Zancho teach determining whether the selected input/output module is present in an internal input/output module storing unit of the internal UI support module, by disclosing that a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [Iverson, column 7, lines 39-47].

Iverson and Zancho teach if the selected input/output module is present, writing a condition ID of the one of the respective users and information on the selected input/output module in the internal input/output module selecting unit, by disclosing that IDs are used to determine the appliance personality [Iverson, figures 3, 4].

Art Unit: 2173

Iverson and Zancho teach that appliance personalities may be stored and retrieved internally within an interface database of the appliance [Iverson, column 10, lines 2-4]. Although Iverson and Zancho also teaches connections to remote databases [Iverson, column 10, lines 9-12] used to identify location type/operating environment of an appliance in order to select an appropriate one of a plurality of alternative appliance personalities and downloading the information from the remote databases for storage on the local databases [Iverson, column 7, lines 23-38], Iverson and Zancho do not expressly teach that if the selected input/output module is not present, requesting the selected input/output module through an external UI support module, determining whether the selected input/output module is present in an external input/output module storing unit of the external UI support module, and if the selected input/output module is present, writing the condition ID of the one of the respective users and the information on the selected input/output module in the internal input/output module selecting unit. Dong teaches user interface management for controlled devices [paragraph 1]. A user interface loader (UIL) provides a controller with a user interface corresponding to an electronics device to control the operation of the electronics device through a communication medium [paragraph 13]. The UIL may be located outside the controller [paragraph 18] and is configured to first search a controller storage medium for an appropriate user interface [paragraph 31]. If an appropriate user interface is not found on an internal storage medium, the UIL searches a remote network across a communication medium [paragraph 34]. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller [paragraph 20]. As shown in

Art Unit: 2173

[figure 2], the remote network includes the Internet with access to the World Wide Web [paragraph 24]. This allows the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be loaded.

Since Iverson and Zancho teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to store additional appliance personalities in a web server and use an external user interface module, as taught by Dong, to manage and provide the stored appliance personalities from a web server. This would allow the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be retrieved from a web server and loaded.

4-16. Regarding claim 24, Iverson, Zancho, and Dong teach the claim wherein the operation of writing comprises writing the condition ID of the one of the respective users and the information on the selected input/output module in an external input/output module selecting unit, by disclosing that IDs are used to determine the appliance personality [Iverson, figures 3, 4]. The condition ID and corresponding appliance personality must be written in the UIL in order for the UIL to search for the correct personality from the remote network.

Art Unit: 2173

4-17. Regarding claim 25, Iverson, Zancho, and Dong teach the claim wherein if the selected input/output module is not present in the external input/output module storing unit, providing the UI through a default input/output module, by disclosing that if no user interfaces are found that can be supported by the electronic device, the user can create his/her own user interface using a default user interface [Dong, paragraphs 34, 36].

4-18. Regarding claim 26, Iverson and Zancho teach the invention with respect to claim 22. Iverson and Zancho further teaches the claim wherein the input/output module providing operation comprises receiving a condition ID from the one of the respective users and determining whether the condition ID has been registered through the internal input/output module selecting unit, by disclosing that users can define the personalities associated with a particular location ID [Iverson, column 7, lines 2-5]. A controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [Iverson, column 7, lines 39-47].

Iverson and Zancho teach if the condition ID has been registered, selecting the first specific input/output module according to the condition ID and providing the UI meeting the condition of the one of the respective users, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [Iverson, column 7, lines 39-47].

Iverson and Zancho do not expressly teach if the condition ID has not been registered, requesting an external UI support module to transmit the first specific

Art Unit: 2173

input/output module according to the condition ID and providing the UI meeting the condition of the one of the respective users through the input/output module provided by the external UI support module. Dong teaches user interface management for controlled devices [paragraph 1]. A user interface loader (UIL) provides a controller with a user interface corresponding to an electronics device to control the operation of the electronics device through a communication medium [paragraph 13]. The UIL may be located outside the controller [paragraph 18] and is configured to first search a controller storage medium for an appropriate user interface [paragraph 31]. If an appropriate user interface is not found on an internal storage medium, the UIL searches a remote network across a communication medium [paragraph 34]. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller [paragraph 20]. As shown in ffigure 21, the remote network includes the Internet with access to the World Wide Web [paragraph 24]. This allows the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be loaded.

Since Iverson and Zancho teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to store additional appliance personalities in a web server and use an external user interface module, as taught by Dong, to manage and provide the stored appliance personalities from a web server. This would allow the user more

flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be retrieved from a web server and loaded.

4-19. Regarding claim 27, Iverson, Zancho, and Dong teach the claim wherein the operation of providing the UI meeting the condition of the one of the respective users through the input/output module provided by the external UI support module comprises determining whether the first specific input/output module corresponding to the condition ID is present by an external input/output module selecting unit of the external UI support module, by disclosing that the UIL searches a remote network across a communication medium for an appropriate user interface [Dong, paragraph 34].

Iverson, Zancho, and Dong teach if it is determined that the first specific input/output module corresponding to the condition ID is not present, providing the UI through a default input/output module, by disclosing that if no user interfaces are found that can be supported by the electronic device, the user can create his/her own user interface using a default user interface [paragraphs 33, 36].

Iverson, Zancho, and Dong teach if it is determined that the first specific input/output module corresponding to the condition ID is present, determining, by a data format determining unit, whether the first specific input/output module is compatible with an appliance requesting the first specific input/output module, and providing the UI through the default input/output module if it is determined that the first specific input/output module is not compatible with the appliance, or providing the UI through the first specific input/output module if it is determined that the input/output module is

Art Unit: 2173

compatible with the appliance, by disclosing that when selecting an appropriate user interface, the electronic device provides the UIL with a Global Unique Identifier (GUID) and its unit information (UINFO), which provides identification information about the electronic device [Dong, paragraphs 19, 30]. The UIL uses the provided identification information when searching a table to determine which types of user interfaces the electronic device can support [Dong, paragraphs 20, 31, 33]. If no user interfaces are found that can be supported by the electronic device, the user can create his/her own user interface using a default user interface [Dong, paragraphs 33, 36]. This ensures that the user interface will work correctly on the electronic device.

Since Iverson, Zancho, and Dong teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to also include determining appropriate appliance personalities based on the types of interfaces the appliance is able to support, as taught by Dong. This would ensure that a selected user interface would work correctly on the electronic device.

Claims 28, 29

4-20. Regarding claim 28, Iverson teaches the claim comprising if an input/output module corresponding to a specific condition ID is requested by a UI support module provided in a household electric appliance, searching for the input/output module corresponding to the condition ID through an input/output module storing unit, by

Art Unit: 2173

disclosing enabling electronic devices to modify their user interface application set and functionality based on the location of the electronic device [column 1, lines 8-13; figure 1]. Based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [column 7, lines 39-47].

Iverson teaches if the input/output module corresponding to the condition ID is found as a searched input/output module, providing the searched input/output module to the UI support module of the household appliance, by disclosing that once an appropriate appliance personality is selected, the interface of the appliance is adjusted to reflect the selected personality [figure 2, 208].

Iverson does not expressly teach searching an external input/output module storing unit and providing the searched input/output module by an external input/output module selecting unit. Dong teaches user interface management for controlled devices [paragraph 1]. A user interface loader (UIL) provides a controller with a user interface corresponding to an electronics device to control the operation of the electronics device through a communication medium [paragraph 13]. The UIL may be located outside the controller [paragraph 18] and is configured to search a controller storage medium and a remote network for a user interface corresponding to identification information. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller [paragraph 20]. As shown in [figure 2], the remote network includes the Internet with access to the World Wide Web [paragraph 24]. This allows the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally

Art Unit: 2173

stored on the electronic device to be loaded. Since Iverson teaches adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include storing additional appliance personalities in an external user interface module that can manage and provide the stored appliance personalities from a web server, as taught by Dong. This would allow the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be retrieved from a web server and loaded.

Iverson and Dong do not expressly teach searching a mapping of each of a plurality of users with corresponding at least one of the stored input/output modules. Zancho teaches selecting and managing personal attributes of devices based on user preferences [column 1, lines 10-12; column 2, lines 31-37]. A donor device stores and provides preferences to application devices [column 2, lines 37-45]. When obtaining user preferences from a donor device that has preferences for more than one user, information of a user such as a user code is sent to access the donor device [column 9, lines 49-55; column 10, lines 52-61]. The user code is used to select the appropriate preference for the device [column 10, line 62 to column 11, line 16]. This allows preferences to be conveniently established for users of various devices. Since Iverson and Dong teach the need for adjusting a user interface and perceived functionality based on location or user [Iverson, column 2, lines 11-14], it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include a

Art Unit: 2173

mapping of each of the respective users with corresponding at least one of the appliance personalities, as taught by Zancho. This would allow preferences to be conveniently established for users of various devices.

4-21. Regarding claim 29, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the claim wherein the operation of providing the searched input/output module comprises determining, by a data format determining unit, whether the searched input/output module is compatible with the household appliance, and providing a default input/output module if the searched input/output module is not compatible with the household appliance, or providing the searched input/output module if the searched input/output module is compatible with the household appliance, by disclosing that when selecting an appropriate user interface, the electronic device provides the UIL with a Global Unique Identifier (GUID) and its unit information (UINFO), which provides identification information about the electronic device [Dong, paragraphs 19, 30]. The UIL uses the provided identification information when searching a table to determine which types of user interfaces the electronic device can support [Dong, paragraphs 20, 31, 33]. If no user interfaces are found that can be supported by the electronic device, the user can create his/her own user interface using a default user interface [Dong, paragraphs 33, 36]. This ensures that the user interface will work correctly on the electronic device.

Since Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at

Art Unit: 2173

the time the invention was made to also include determining appropriate appliance personalities based on the types of interfaces the appliance is able to support, as taught by Dong. This would ensure that a selected user interface would work correctly on the electronic device.

Claim 30-34

4-22. Regarding claim 30, Iverson teaches the claim comprising receiving input/output modules meeting conditions of respective users as received input/output modules and registering the received input/output modules in an input/output module selecting unit of an internal UI support module, by disclosing enabling electronic devices to modify their user interface application set and functionality based on the location of the electronic device [column 1, lines 8-13]. Users can define the personalities associated with a particular location ID [column 7, lines 2-5] and can also change and customize the dynamically selected personality by selecting an alternate personality [column 7, lines 9-22].

Iverson teaches if a specific input/output module of one of the respective users is requested through the internal UI support module, determining whether the input/output module is present in an input/output module storing unit, by disclosing that based on a determined location of location type of an electronic appliance, a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [column 7, lines 39-47].

Art Unit: 2173

Iverson teaches if the specific input/output module is present in the input/output module storing unit, providing a UI meeting the condition of the one of the respective users through the specific input/output module, by disclosing that once an appropriate appliance personality is selected, the interface of the appliance is adjusted to reflect the selected personality [figure 2, 208].

Iverson does not expressly teach if the specific input/output module is not present in the input/output module storing unit, requesting an external input/output module storing unit provided in an external server at a remote place to transmit the specific input/output module as a transmitted input/output module and providing the UI meeting the condition of the one of the respective users through the transmitted input/output module. Dong teaches user interface management for controlled devices [paragraph 1]. A user interface loader (UIL) provides a controller with a user interface corresponding to an electronics device to control the operation of the electronics device through a communication medium [paragraph 13]. The UIL may be located outside the controller [paragraph 18] and is configured to first search a controller storage medium for an appropriate user interface [paragraph 31]. If an appropriate user interface is not found on an internal storage medium, the UIL searches a remote network across a communication medium [paragraph 34]. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller [paragraph 20]. As shown in ffigure 2], the remote network includes the Internet with access to the World Wide Web [paragraph 24]. This allows the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be Art Unit: 2173

loaded. Since Iverson teaches adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to store additional appliance personalities in a web server and use an external user interface module, as taught by Dong, to manage and provide the stored appliance personalities from a web server. This would allow the user more flexibility in the operation of the consumer electronic devices by allowing interfaces not locally stored on the electronic device to be retrieved from a web server and loaded.

Iverson and Dong do not expressly teach searching a mapping of each of the respective users with corresponding at least one of received input/output modules. Zancho teaches selecting and managing personal attributes of devices based on user preferences [column 1, lines 10-12; column 2, lines 31-37]. A donor device stores and provides preferences to application devices [column 2, lines 37-45]. When obtaining user preferences from a donor device that has preferences for more than one user, information of a user such as a user code is sent to access the donor device [column 9, lines 49-55; column 10, lines 52-61]. The user code is used to select the appropriate preference for the device [column 10, line 62 to column 11, line 16]. This allows preferences to be conveniently established for users of various devices. Since Iverson and Dong teach the need for adjusting a user interface and perceived functionality based on location or user [Iverson, column 2, lines 11-14], it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include searching a mapping of each of the respective users with corresponding at least one of the

appliance personalities, as taught by Zancho. This would allow preferences to be conveniently established for users of various devices.

4-23. Regarding claim 31, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the claim wherein the input/output module registering operation comprises selecting the specific input/output module for generating the UI to be used in the future by the one of the respective users, as a selected input/output module, by disclosing that users can change and customize the dynamically selected personality by selecting an alternate personality [Iverson, column 7, lines 9-22].

Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach determining whether the selected input/output module is present in the input/output module storing unit of the internal UI support module, by disclosing that a controller identifies an appropriate appliance personality from a plurality of available personalities [Iverson, column 7, lines 39-47].

Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach if the selected input/output module is present, writing a condition ID of the one of the respective users and information on the selected input/output module in the internal input/output module selecting unit, by disclosing that IDs are used to determine the appliance personality [Iverson, figures 3, 4].

Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach if the specific input/output module is not present in the input/output module storing unit, requesting an external input/output module storing unit provided in an external server at a remote place to transmit the specific input/output module as a transmitted input/output module and providing the UI meeting the condition of the one of the respective users through the transmitted

Art Unit: 2173

input/output module, by disclosing that if an appropriate user interface is not found on an internal storage medium, the UIL searches a remote network across a communication medium [Dong, paragraph 34]. If such a user interface is found, the UIL is configured to load the user interface on the controller [Dong, paragraph 20].

- 4-24. Regarding claim 32, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the claim wherein the operation of writing comprises writing the condition ID of the one of the respective users and the information on the selected input/output module in an external input/output module selecting unit, by disclosing that IDs are used to determine the appliance personality [Iverson, figures 3, 4]. The condition ID and corresponding appliance personality must be written in the UIL in order for the UIL to search for the correct personality from the remote network.
- 4-25. Regarding claim 33, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the claim wherein the operation of providing the UI comprises determining, by a data format determining unit, whether specific input/output module is compatible with the internal UI support module, and providing the UI through a default input/output module if the specific input/output module is not compatible with the internal UI support module, or providing the UI through the specific input/output module if the specific input/output module is compatible with the internal UI support module, by disclosing that when selecting an appropriate user interface, the electronic device provides the UIL with a Global Unique Identifier (GUID) and its unit information (UINFO), which provides identification information about

Art Unit: 2173

the electronic device [Dong, paragraphs 19, 30]. The UIL uses the provided identification information when searching a table to determine which types of user interfaces the electronic device can support [Dong, paragraphs 20, 31, 33]. If no user interfaces are found that can be supported by the electronic device, the user can create his/her own user interface using a default user interface [paragraphs 33, 36]. This ensures that the user interface will work correctly on the electronic device.

Since Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to also include determining appropriate appliance personalities based on the types of interfaces the appliance is able to support, as taught by Dong. This would ensure that a selected user interface would work correctly on the electronic device.

4-26. Regarding claim 34, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the claim wherein if the selected input/output module is not present in the input/output module storing unit of the external UI support module, providing the UI through a default input/output module, by disclosing that if no user interfaces are found that can be supported by the electronic device, the user can create his/her own user interface using a default user interface [Dong, paragraphs 34, 36].

Art Unit: 2173

5. Claim 7 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Iverson (U.S. Patent No. 6,957,075 B1), Zancho (U.S. Patent No. 5,814,798), and Nakajima (U.S. Patent No. 7,095,456 B2).

Claim 7

5-1. Regarding claim 7, Iverson and Zancho teach the invention with respect to claim 2. Iverson and Zancho do not expressly teach the claim wherein the input/output processing unit transmits the UI to a remote device with a second screen. Nakajima teaches a method of remotely controlling electronic devices [column 1, lines 7-13]. A field extensible remote control receives user interfaces from electronic devices [column 5, lines 22-28] and may display the user interface on a screen of the remote control in order to control the electronic devices [column 7, lines 12-38]. Receiving a user interface directly from the electronic device allows a universal remote control to control the electronic devices, even if the electronic devices have updated or different user interfaces.

Since Iverson and Zancho teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to transmit the UI to a remote device with a second screen, as taught by Nakajima. This would allow a remote control to control the electronic device, even if the electronic devices receive updated or different user interfaces.

Art Unit: 2173

6. Claim 37 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Iverson (U.S. Patent No. 6,957,075 B1), Zancho (U.S. Patent No. 5,814,798), and Miller et al (Pub. No. US 2003/0046557 A1).

Claim 37

6-1. Regarding claim 37, Iverson and Zancho teach the invention with respect to claim 1. Iverson and Zancho further teach wherein the mapping is prestored, by disclosing that the donor device, which provides the user preferences, stores information indicative of a user such as a user code [Zancho, column 10, lines 52-61].

Iverson and Zancho do not expressly teach wherein the one of the users is an authenticated user in an authentication. Miller teaches a system that provides customized display settings and preferences for multiple users [paragraph 16]. Users are authenticated before they can access their preferences [paragraph 15]. This would provide a level of security for accessing specific user-related information. Since Iverson and Zancho teach providing user-related information, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to authenticate a user in an authentication, as taught by Miller. This would provide a level of security for accessing specific user-related information.

7. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Iverson (U.S. Patent No. 6,957,075 B1), Dong et al (Pub. No. 2002/0105543 A1), Zancho (U.S. Patent No. 5,814,978), and Nakajima (U.S. Patent No. 7,095,456 B2).

Art Unit: 2173

Claim 17

7-1. Regarding claim 17, Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach the invention with respect to claim 14. Iverson, Dong, and Zancho do not expressly teach the claim wherein the input/output processing unit transmits the UI to a remote device with a second screen. Nakajima teaches a method of remotely controlling electronic devices [column 1, lines 7-13]. A field extensible remote control receives user interfaces from electronic devices [column 5, lines 22-28] and may display the user interface on a screen of the remote control in order to control the electronic devices [column 7, lines 12-38]. Receiving a user interface directly from the electronic device allows a universal remote control to control the electronic devices, even if the electronic devices have updated or different user interfaces.

Since Iverson, Dong, and Zancho teach adjusting the user interface and application set of electronic appliances with an appropriate one of a plurality of available appliance personalities, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to transmit the UI to a remote device with a second screen, as taught by Nakajima. This would allow a remote control to control the electronic device, even if the electronic devices receive updated or different user interfaces.

Response to Arguments

Art Unit: 2173

8. The Examiner acknowledges the Applicant's amendments to claims 1, 6, 8, 11-

13, 16, 21, 22, 28, and 30, and newly added claims 35-37. Applicant's arguments with

respect to claims 1-37 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s)

of rejection.

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record on attached form PTO-892 and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Applicant is required under 37 C.F.R § 111(c) to consider these references fully when responding to this action. The documents cited therein teach similar systems for a user interface support apparatus.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to <u>ALVIN H. TAN</u> whose telephone number is <u>(571)272-8595</u>. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 10:00-6:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dennis Chow can be reached on 571-272-7767. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 2173

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AHT

/Tadesse Hailu/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2173

Assistant Examiner Art Unit 2173